

# THE CIMARRON NEWS AND PRESS

NOTE—The type used in this heading is from the old plant of the Cimarron News and Press and was used for a heading for the paper in the seventies.

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CIMARRON, NEW MEXICO, THURSDAY, JUNE 6, 1907

NO. 22

## NEWS OF THE WEEK

### Most Important Happenings of the Past Seven Days.

#### Interesting Items Gathered from All Parts of the World Condensed into Small Space for the Benefit of Our Readers.

##### Personal.

Frank H. Butler, who was charged with the murder of the Marvin boy at Dover, Del., has been released from custody, for want of sufficient evidence against him.

A. E. Stillwell and a party of 90 capitalists who took a trip over the lines of the Orient railroad in Mexico, have returned.

Judge Thomas Ryan, of Kansas, assistant secretary of the interior, has had a relapse and is again confined to his home in Washington.

B. H. Fulton, of Marysville, has been elected grand commander of the Kansas Knights Templar.

Emperor William recently unveiled five statues of his ancestors in the garden in front of the palace at Berlin.

Senator Hale, of Maine, is a patient in the Johns Hopkins hospital at Baltimore where he has been operated upon.

The body of Mrs. Ida Sexton McKinley was laid beside that of her husband, the late President McKinley in Woodlawn cemetery at Canton, O., with simple ceremonies. The president, vice president and several members of the cabinet were present.

Enoch W. Higgins, proprietor of theaters in Detroit, Rochester, N. Y., Cleveland and Phoenix, Ariz., is dead in New York.

Frank T. Hawley, of Buffalo, N. Y., has been elected president of the Switchmen's Union, of North America.

Henri Martin, an American painter, has been awarded the medal of honor in the Paris salon.

Walter S. Cheesman, one of the leading capitalists of Denver, died unexpectedly at his home in that city recently.

President Roosevelt had a strenuous time at Lansing, Mich., recently, making three addresses and holding a reception all in three hours. In addition he presented the diplomas to the graduating class at the State Agricultural college.

##### Miscellaneous.

Secretary Taft delivered an address to the National Federation of Millers at St. Louis on Memorial Day on the subject of "Recent Instances of Anarchy."

Gov. Little, of Arkansas, is reported to have passed the crisis in his illness and is now convalescent.

The leading Japanese residents of San Francisco have united in a statement regarding the recent assaults on their countrymen in that city, which they declare are due entirely to racial prejudice.

The lives of Queen Maud of Norway and Mme. Pallieres, wife of the French president, were saved by Gen. Michel, who dragged them from their carriage at Versailles just before it toppled off a bridge into a lake.

The weather bureau at Washington has issued a statement that all records were broken by the low temperature during April and May throughout the country.

French commerce is threatened with paralysis as the result of a general strike of sailors in all the ports of the republic.

Thirty thousand Chinese rebels are reported to be under arms 40 miles south of Amoy. The revolt is spreading to nearby towns.

At the Confederate reunion at Richmond, Va., 1,259 camps were represented.

A torpedo placed on the street car tracks in Chicago blew a car filled with workmen from the tracks causing a panic in which two men were seriously injured.

In his report on the Madison Branch case, Judge Garver upholds the Missouri Pacific railroad in its refusal to establish a separate passenger service between Madison, Kansas, and Butler, Missouri.

The Kansas State Dental Association held a three days' session in Topeka recently.

A police census just completed gives the population of the District of Columbia as 329,591, of whom 96,188 are negroes.

The vicinity of Houston, Texas, has been visited by heavy rain storms in some instances amounting to cloudbursts. The country for miles was covered with water.

Rain fell recently all over Oklahoma and Indian Territory during in-

mense good to the growing crops.

Arrangements have been completed for the erection of a hotel in Chicago to be 22 stories high and to cost with furnishings \$3,500,000.

The Chinese rebels were recently defeated in a severe engagement in the vicinity of Swatow.

The Newark, N. J., carpenters have won their strike for an eight hour day at 50 cents an hour, a half holiday Saturday, double pay for overtime and the closed shop.

A general strike of machinists on the Louisville & Nashville railroad has been inaugurated.

The interstate commerce commission has started an investigation of interstate pipe lines with a view to adjusting the tariffs to a more satisfactory basis.

The suit of the state of Texas against the Waters-Pierce Oil company has resulted in a verdict for the state of \$1,823,900 penalties and revoking of the permit of the oil company to do business in Texas.

A man believed to be John J. Pritchard a locomotive fireman on the Santa Fe railroad fell from a street car crossing the intercity viaduct at Kansas City and was instantly killed.

The cornerstone of the Fourth Cathedral of St. Paul, Minn., which, when completed, four years hence, will probably surpass any other American church in architectural distinction and beauty has been laid.

The socialist convention of Ohio adopted resolutions expressing sympathy for Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone and denouncing President Roosevelt and Secretary Taft.

The Russian famine committee has notified its representatives in London and New York to cease agitation for subscriptions as Russia now is able to care for her own people.

George Burnham, Jr., former general counsel of the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance company, now serving a term in Sing Sing for grand larceny, has been granted a new trial.

Four persons lost their lives by the burning of the summer cottage occupied by Walter Schiffer, secretary of the United Cigar Manufacturers company at Long Branch, N. J.

Representatives of the railroads have notified the Nebraska state board of assessment that they will resist the increased valuation of the roads in the state amounting to \$5,000,000.

The Kansas supreme court has set aside the summons in the cases of Rochester and Imperial Brewing companies and the Heim Real Estate company, but refused the same action in regard to the other breweries in the action to appoint receivers for their property in the state.

Assistant District Attorney Heney is authority for the statement that the San Francisco police force is being used in an attempt to reach prospective jurors and witnesses in the bribery-graft prosecutions.

The Chinese rebellion is spreading, and many of the inhabitants of the revolutionary zone are fleeing to places of safety. The uprising is attributed to excessive taxation.

The general synod of the Lutheran church has adopted a resolution to assess annually each member two cents for the benefit of the Lutheran Home at Lincoln, Neb.

The National Federation of Millers held a three days' session at St. Louis recently. Millers from all parts of the United States and from abroad were in attendance.

Eight thousand persons passed through the McKinley home at Canton, O., to view for the last time the features of the widow of the late president.

The rumor that Michael Czolgosz, a brother of the slayer of President McKinley was in Canton at the time of Mrs. McKinley's funeral created a stir among the secret service men, but nothing was seen of him.

Thomas D. Jordan, former comptroller of the Equitable Life Assurance society, pleaded not guilty to 18 indictments for forgery and perjury in New York, and was released on bail in the sum of \$10,000.

Decorations day was observed as a public holiday in the canal zone and only work that was absolutely necessary was permitted.

The president has issued a proclamation creating a reservation 60 feet in width along the entire northern border of Mexico, for the purpose of suppressing smuggling along the international line.

According to figures submitted to Gov. Gillett, of California, there are 40,000 idle persons in San Francisco as the direct result of the present labor troubles.

In his Decoration day address at Indianapolis President Roosevelt gave the first public utterance to his views regarding the relationship of the government to the railroads. He declared there would be no deviation from the policy laid down by his administration. He prefers national incorporation. As a remedy for some of the existing evils.

## SPEAKS ENTHUSIASTICALLY OF COLFAX COUNTY'S GROWTH

### H. C. Abbott of Springer Lauds its Resources and Great Development—Refers to Its Immense Supplies of Coal, Timber, Etc.

Hon. Horace C. Abbott, one of the leading citizens of the great county of Colfax, and one of its oldest, best known and respected residents, is in Santa Fe, and will remain until next week on business. Mr. Abbott is one of the pioneers of Colfax county and has been prominently identified with its interests, agricultural, stock raising and business for over a quarter of a century. He is a large stockholder in the Jaritas Land and Irrigation company which has big holdings in a few miles east of Springer and where he and his family reside in a very comfortable and handsomely furnished residence; he is also a director and big stockholder in the Springer Land and Irrigation company in the same vicinity and is interested in other enterprises in his county. He was a member of the house of representatives of the Thirty-seventh assembly, worked for what he considered the best interests of his constituents and made a fine record for faithfulness and close attention to his duties.

Concerning conditions in the sheep raising industry in his section this season Mr. Abbott said:

#### Sheep Conditions Good.

"In the section of Colfax county in which I reside considering the very cold and stormy spring, in my opinion we did well. We have an average increase in lambs of seventy per cent and the sheep raiser who succeeds that way, say for a number of years, ought to be well satisfied. Considering the number of bearing ewes the result this season is gratifying. Muttons I think will bring as high a price if not higher than they did last year, but the question of feeding is not yet settled and may change matters, although the probabilities are that prices will continue to range high as there will not be as large a number of lambs on the market as there were last year, when the lamb crop was remarkably great and the yield a very favorable one for the sheep men. Wool is likely to range as high as last year and I can see no good reason for a reduction in figures for New Mexico fleeces. The wool yield promises to be a very fair one.

"Cattle in our section have gone through the winter and spring well and the calf crop has been very satisfactory. The ranges for cattle and sheep are in very good condition and the water supply, both living and still, is all that can be desired at this time of the year and promises well for the summer.

"Crops in our part have been damaged by late frosts, but I believe

there will be, nevertheless, a handsome yield of alfalfa and that the experiment of raising Canadian or "wild" peas for the feeding of live stock will come out all right. The Jaritas Land and Irrigation company has 150 acres in alfalfa and 40 acres in peas as an experiment, the Springer Land and Irrigation company about the same amount, and it now looks as if the Canadian peas growing project will come up to expectations and if so, many hundreds of acres in our section will be planted.

#### Big Irrigation Project.

"The Farmers' Development company, purchasers of the Valdez tract, is preparing to commence active work on its extensive reservoir and ditch system. The dam and reservoir will be built in the canon and valley of the Rayado river and at least eight thousand acres of good agricultural land lies out of doors in this or any other sub-division of the United States will be placed under irrigation and cultivation. This land will raise with proper cultivation and sufficient water supply abundant crops of the finest of cereals and vegetables and is especially adapted to the successful growing of the best sugar beets. M. M. Mikesell, the manager, is at the home ranch and impresses one as an energetic, careful and progressive manager who understands his business and who knows what he is about. Members of the religious sect known as the Dunkards, of whom there are many in Pennsylvania and Ohio, are to become the settlers, and quite a large number of acres have already been disposed of to some of these people. They are among the best farmers in the country, hard working, frugal, sober industrious, and very religious. They believe in churches, good schools, hard work and plain, but decent living. They will make first class citizens of our county.

#### County Has Great Resources.

"Yes, I look to see Colfax county one of the greatest and richest in our great Sunshine Territory and soon to be Sunshine state, within five years. Our coal deposits are practically inexhaustible and our timber resources are of the finest in the United States today. I read in the New Mexican that the Dawson Coal company would increase its output from ninety thousand tons per month to three hundred thousand tons, and I think, without difficulty, this could be increased to a greater figure, if the management wanted it. The coal there is of a very fine quality; it is as good looking coal

(Continued on Last Page.)

### Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers have been recorded in the office of the county clerk since the last issue: Feb. 12—William Van Bruggen to Sarah E. Simmons, 92½ acres in township 27, range 23 east. Consideration \$275.

May 16—Kate M. Hartsell to Martha W. Gillum, lots 17 and 18, blk 5, original townsite of Raton. Consideration, \$2100.

July 16, 1906—Antonio Rivoli to Mrs. Boney Schoenen, lot 3, block 46, New Mexico Town company's first sub-division of Raton. Consideration \$180.

May 31—B. P. Williams to Josie D. Lockard, lots 17 and 18, of B. P. Williams block in southeast addition to Raton. Consideration \$100.

May 20—W. A. Shallenberger to J. G. Eaton, lot 5, block 4, Shallenberger & Major's addition to Raton. Consideration \$1,500.

Jan. 19—B. S. Letton to S. A. Wiseman, lots 13 and 14, block 6, original townsite of Raton. Consideration \$3,500.

May 13—Jennie Codlin to Mrs. Rena Kellerman, lots 13 and 14, block 4, original plat of Raton. Consideration \$1,050.

April 12—O. H. B. Turner to T. B. Hart, lot 6, block 2, Maxwell West addition to Raton. Consideration \$900.

### VEIN OF GOOD COAL FOUND IN RATON MOUNTAIN

A vein of fine coal has been struck in Raton Mountain by workmen who are engaged in blasting for the new tunnel being built by the Santa Fe. The vein is sixteen feet wide and the coal is of fine quality. The Lantry Construction company, which has the contract for building the tunnel, is using as much of the coal as possible for its engines and the remainder is being carted off by people of the neighborhood.

Work on the tunnel is progressing satisfactorily, but it will be at least two years before it is completed. The new tunnel will be eighteen feet lower than the old one and will be wide enough to permit the passage of two trains instead of one. The mountain is a mass of solid rock, and every foot of it must be blasted, which is necessarily slow work.

The old tunnel will not be abandoned when the new one is completed, but will be repaired and used exclusively for freight trains.

### Important Case Being Heard in Santa Fe.

An important case involving the ownership of timber on about forty thousand acres within the exterior boundaries of the Maxwell Land Grant in the northwestern part of Colfax county, has been up for a hearing before Judge J. R. McFie in Santa Fe the past few days.

The case is that of the Maxwell Land Grant company, J. C. Osgood and the Continental Tire company of Raton vs. W. H. Bartlett, the Chicago millionaire who some years ago purchased a hundred thousand acres of land within the Maxwell Land Grant from the company.

The case came up on petition for a permanent injunction restraining the defendant from removing or cutting any timber on the land in controversy. Among counsel for the plaintiffs is Hon. Charles A. Spiess of Las Vegas.

### "THE ELK'S TOOTH" TO BE PRESENTED IN RATON

From the Raton Range. An elaborate production of the charming spectacle, "The Elk's Tooth" which has been presented with much success in Trinidad, Las Vegas and Albuquerque within the past few months, will be given at the Coliseum in this city on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, June 18 and 19.

It will be presented under the auspices of Raton Lodge No. 865, B. P. O. E., but will be under the personal supervision and direction of Messrs. Brown & Klein of Chicago, under whose management it was presented in the places above mentioned.

There will be over sixty people in the cast, all home talent. Rehearsals have been in progress for several days and the play will be put on in a manner that will suit the most fastidious. Messrs. Brown & Klein carry their own scenery and accessories and promise the residents of Raton a delightful entertainment.

There is considerable singing in the production and much delightful comedy work and those who will take part are working hard and earnestly to make it a huge success.

### THE BALL GAME AT DAWSON

The Swastika Ball Team, with many friends, left Cimarron last Sunday morning on the regular train enroute to Dawson to play the Dawson team. They were met at Vermijo with wagons and carriages for the men and the ladies were kindly taken aboard the special train of Mr. Charles Springer and party all arriving in Dawson in due time.

The game resulted in the defeat of the Swastika team much to the chagrin of their friends, who expected them to make good on this game. The wish was frequently expressed that the Cimarron Swastikas would really "play ball" but the score stood 7 to 4 in favor of Dawson. On the return home the whole party were brought on the special, other arrangements having failed to materialize. Mr. Springer's immediate party were, in addition to Mrs. Springer; Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Chase and Mr. Letts.

There were a number of ladies besides these whose names have not been ascertained. The crowd report one of the merriest times of their lives and compliment Dawson high as entertainers.

## HAYWOOD TRIAL

### PART OF ORCHARD'S CONFESSION CORROBORATED, SAYS PROSECUTION.

#### 150 WITNESSES TO TESTIFY

Belief Expressed That Jury Cannot Be Found in Idaho That Will Agree—What Tent?

Boise, Idaho.—Senator Borah, leading counsel for the prosecution in the Haywood case, said that the state would be able positively to corroborate one important feature of Orchard's confession. Orchard, in the version of his confession that has been circulated over the country with the tacit approval of Detective McFarland, claims to have attempted to assassinate "Jim" Bradley, who was superintendent of the Bunker Hill mine during the Coeur d'Alene troubles in 1899.

Bradley quit the Coeur d'Alene when the bull pens were abolished and took up his residence in San Francisco. One morning about two years ago, an explosion occurred as he opened the front door of his home. He was severely injured and the house was damaged.

Orchard told McFarland that he had been delegated by the inner circle of the Western Federation of Miners to kill Bradley and that he had placed a bomb in such a position that Bradley would explode it when he opened the front door of his house.

The state is gathering its array of witnesses, squads of them being assigned to the care of Pinkerton detectives. It is estimated that there are now in Boise fifty of the 150 witnesses summoned by the state. Even with this excess of care which the state is bestowing on the witnesses, reports are circulated which indicate that they are causing considerable trouble and no little annoyance to the slouches. One of the state's most important witnesses is Lottie Day, a keeper of a resort at Cripple Creek. She escaped the slouchs, and, it is understood, took the afternoon train back to Colorado. She was subpoenaed to tell of a conversation with Orchard in relation to the acts of violence committed in the Cripple Creek district.

Counsel for the defense was increased by the arrival of Attorney Peter Breen of Butte, a former member of the Western Federation and a survivor of the Coeur d'Alene bull pen. Breen was an active participant in the clashes in northern Idaho and is well acquainted with the conditions and the persons arrayed on the other side. He exchanged greetings with Attorney Hawley, who fifteen years ago was counsel for the federation and appeared for him in the several trials following the early troubles.

In the person of one Lloyd, a Pinkerton agent, Breen recognized Harry Allison, who joined the Miners' union at Gem, Idaho, during the strike, and became secretary of that union. Another of Allison's aliases is Seringo. His occupation here is to act as a bodyguard for the manager of the Pinkerton slouchs.

Some fears are expressed as to the chances of the jury withstanding the long strain of the trial. Among the twelve men in the box more than half are more than sixty years of age, three have passed the seventy mark, and the average is about fifty-eight. With the exception of one, the jury is composed of farmers, who are used to outdoor life, and the confinement is already beginning to tell on some who have sat for more than two weeks.

Boise, Idaho.—It seems almost beyond the range of possibility at this time that the Haywood jury will agree. Then what?

Will the accused be released, rearrested and turned over to Colorado authorities for trial on conspiracy charges in that state, or will an attempt be made to secure another jury for a rehearing of the Steunenburg murder charge in Boise?

These are the questions that are uppermost in the minds of those most vitally interested in the result of the trial now in progress. The situation is remarkable in many ways. Three men are indicted. Three men are to be tried. They are charged with conspiracy and complicity in the murder of a former chief executive of a state, the entire population of which does not exceed that of Denver.

The history of the labor troubles leading to the death of this one-time governor is known by heart to nearly every man, woman and child in Idaho. A majority of those eligible for jury duty have a firmly rooted conviction that the federation officials are either innocent or guilty.

Three weeks have gone by and a jury has not yet been secured in the most populous county in the state. They will be compelled to base their verdict largely upon circumstantial evidence. They will hear the testimony of Harry Orchard, the nature of which, it is promised, will be startling in the extreme.

All the 200,000 inhabitants of Idaho will read the disclosures Orchard will make. They will base opinions on what he tells the court and jury. In the very nature of things, these readers will be disqualified for jury duty.

How, then, can a jury be obtained in any county of the state either to retry Haywood, in case the present jury disagrees, as predicted, or to sit in judgment upon Moyer or Pettibone?